FOREWORD

“Our task is to educate our students whole being so they can face the future. We may not see the future, but they will and our job is to help them make something of it.”

Ken Robinson

The purpose of this curriculum handbook is to provide HeadStart parents with an overview of the content of subjects taught in Year 4. Children in each year will experience a variety of topics encompassing knowledge and skills. Much thought goes into ensuring that there is a seamless transition between the years as the children’s educational development builds on that of previous years.

We hope that you will join us in helping your child to access the wealth of knowledge available in their increasingly sophisticated world. Engage their curiosity where you can – ask questions, encourage them to explain, talk to them about their learning.

Should you have questions relating to anything in this handbook, please do not hesitate to speak to your child’s Homeroom Teacher or Deputy Teacher, our Deputy Head of Primary, Mr James Hornby, or myself.

Sam Khan
Head of School, Foundation and Primary
Oral and written communication are vital life skills. The Cambridge Curriculum and the English National Curriculum encompasses speaking, listening, reading and writing and provides the foundation for life long learning. Good communicators are a necessity in the professional domain and at HeadStart our aim is to equip and inspire our pupils to fulfil their potential.

The English curriculum reflects the requirements of the Cambridge Curriculum and the English National Curriculum but is not constrained by it. We cover spoken language (preparing ideas before writing, giving short speeches and presentations, using Standard English in a range of formal and informal contexts, including classroom discussion, rehearsing and performing poetry, play scripts and pieces of prose), reading (word reading and listening and reading comprehension), writing (spelling, handwriting, composition, vocabulary and punctuation).

Pen Licenses are issued to those achieving the required level of cursive handwriting.

The allocation of time to English is 5 x 60 minute lessons per week and 4 x 30 minute lessons per week for Reading.

The pupils are all taught in groups according to ability.

**Reading**

a) Reading Scheme – Oxford reading tree including Treetops and Project X are used as our main teaching tool.

b) Class Readers – a variety of suitable texts and authors are used to give children experience in reading aloud, to increase their confidence and improve fluency, expression and characterisation. Texts are discussed to enhance understanding and develop analytical skills, including skills of inference, deduction and prediction. Various writing, speaking and listening tasks are connected to the Class Reader.

Children are likely to experience between two and four Class Readers during the academic year.

c) Library – Usually, each class in Years 1 to 6 has a library lesson per week. Children are expected to develop their personal reading habit and they should have a fiction book ‘on the go’ at all times: this is monitored in library lessons and through the use of personal reading records. The library is also used for the development of research skills.

d) We encourage all children to read at home for 20 minutes each day.

Children talk and write about their reading, learning to articulate informed personal opinions. They are encouraged to respond imaginatively and intelligently to what they read. World Book Day, author visits and the Drop Everything and Read concept are among the events and activities which support reading in the school.

**Spelling**

This is taught through two strands:

1. Spellings based on phonics, letter blends and word strings. Spelling lists are given weekly.

Related tasks and dictations are also undertaken.
2. Spelling with Spellits is a multi-sensory scheme that addresses spelling rules and conventions in the English language.

3. There is a focus on personal spellings derived from written work which increases through the years.

**Writing**
Pupils are taught a range of writing skills:
Writing to imagine, explore and entertain; Writing to inform, explain and describe; Writing to persuade, argue and advise; Writing to analyse, review and comment; How to plan and draft work; Punctuation; Spelling; Handwriting and presentation; Standard English; Language structure.

**Writing Activities**
Children will experience a wide range of writing tasks in line with the requirements of the English National Curriculum and Cambridge Curriculum. Some types of writing, such as stories, poetry and newspaper articles, will be a regular part of the English diet in Year 3 to 6; other types of writing will be experienced periodically.
In particular, they will write from their Imagination, from Personal Experience and for Information.

**a) Writing from Imagination**
Stories: children learn to plan and structure their stories with a beginning, a middle and an end; they are told to think about aspects of time, plot, setting, character, style and theme; they are taught to consider the balance of actions, description and dialogue. Drafting skills are developed and genres are explored.
Poetry: children write, hear and read poetry in different forms.
Play Scripts: children will read play scripts and learn how to create their own so that they understand how a play moves from page to stage.

**b) Writing from Personal Experience**
Children perform written tasks where they have to convey information about themselves or experiences they have had. These could be in the form of diary extracts, descriptive writing about holidays or visits, memories and feelings. They should learn to express their views and feelings with confidence and clarity. They should view their experiences as a unique resource which will support them wherever they are and in whatever they have to do.

**c) Writing for Information**
Children revise and are taught about many different types of information writing, including:
Letter writing; Instructions; Reviews, book blurbs; Reports; Newspaper and magazine articles; Advertisements, business cards; Rules, posters, notices, signs; Recipes; Information leaflets; Formal essays; Biographies.
Each writing task will require a child to consider the purpose of the writing and intended audience. As they progress through the school the children will develop their writing ‘tool kit’: the knowledge and skills that will enable them to write for a wide variety of purposes and audiences.

**Speaking and Listening**
The children are given many opportunities to enhance and extend their speaking and listening skills.
The intention is that:
They develop the ability to speak English using the correct grammar and syntax
They continually expand their vocabulary and use new words effectively
They gain confidence in speaking aloud to a variety of audiences
They learn to listen carefully in order to understand increasingly complex ideas and instructions.

Children are likely to experience Speaking and Listening activities as part of their preparation for written work; the rehearsal of ideas is recognised as a key aspect in the development of writing.

At all times we keep in mind our aims to: equip children with the skills of Reading, Writing and Speaking and Listening; engender a child’s love of English for its own sake; develop a child’s confidence with, and enjoyment of, reading, writing and the spoken word; prepare children for their future education.

The curriculum:

**Term 1**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-fiction Unit 4.1</td>
<td>Fiction Unit 4.1</td>
<td>Live Unit 4.1</td>
<td>Poetry Unit 4.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Wanted: Space Explorer!</em></td>
<td><em>Christophe’s Story</em></td>
<td><em>Sounds Spooky…</em></td>
<td><em>Creating Images</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Grammar lessons**
- Adverbials of time – Fronted Adverbials
- Adverbials of Place and Revising Fronted Adverbials
- Determiners
- Revising Conjunctions and Clauses
- Revising Nouns
- Introducing Direct Speech
- Standard and Non-Standard Verbs
- Introducing Noun Phrases

**Term 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-fiction Unit 4.2</td>
<td>Word Detectives</td>
<td>Fiction Unit 4.2</td>
<td>Poetry Unit 4.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>The World’s Weirdest Sports</em></td>
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<td><em>The Spiderwick Chronicles</em></td>
<td><em>Exploring Poetic Form</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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**Grammar lessons**
- Comparative and Superlative
- Multi-clause Sentences
- Select from further activities bank according to the needs of your class
- Adverbials of time – Fronted Adverbials
- Adverbials of Place and Revising Fronted Adverbials
- Using commas with fronted adverbials
- Apostrophes to show possession
- Plural and possessive
- Select from further activities bank according to the needs of your class
## Term 3

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<th>Unit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-fiction Unit 4.3</td>
<td>Fiction Unit 4.3</td>
<td>Live Unit 4.2</td>
<td>Poetry Unit 4.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China</em></td>
<td><em>The Iron Man</em></td>
<td><em>The Grand Tour</em></td>
<td><em>Poems about Animals and the Outdoors</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grammar lessons</strong></td>
<td><strong>Grammar lessons</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Grammar lessons</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Pronouns</td>
<td>• Punctuating direct speech</td>
<td>• Select from further activities bank</td>
<td>• Standard and non-standard verbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Singular and plural agreement</td>
<td>• Noun phrases</td>
<td>according to the needs of your class</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Nouns and pronouns</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Apostrophes to show possession</td>
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MATHEMATICS

At HeadStart, we want all students to work as competent and confident mathematicians with a deep understanding of the complex and challenging maths they learn. The Inspire maths curriculum aims to enable students to demonstrate enthusiasm and excitement for rich mathematical tasks and challenges which they undertake in a resource-rich, nurturing, encouraging and stimulating learning environment.

Inspire Maths is a rich text-book based scheme with a robust structure, based on best-practise principles and methods of teaching and learning mathematics including concrete-pictoral-abstract and scaffolding approaches, and a systematic teaching pathway.

“This comprehensive pathway emphasises mastery – with continuous, active reinforcement of concepts to help children assimilate and accommodate their learning followed by extension, challenging students to develop and practise the thinking skills that will allow them to become confident, critically aware and independent learners.’ (Dr Fong Creator of Inspire Maths)

Inspire Maths is a programme that teaches to mastery. It is built on a cumulative spiral curriculum, focusing on core topics to build deep understanding. The pathway scaffolds in-depth learning of key mathematical concepts through the development of problem—solving and critical thinking skills and extensive opportunities to practise.

The allocation of time to Mathematics is 5 x 60 minute lessons per week. The pupils are all taught in groups according to ability.

At the end of each term and throughout the year, children will complete Inspire end of assessments to assess their learning, identify possible gaps in their conceptual understanding and plan future lessons.

Year 4 Units of Work:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term 1</th>
<th>Term 2</th>
<th>Term 3</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Whole numbers 1</td>
<td>Angles</td>
<td>Time</td>
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<tr>
<td>Whole numbers 2</td>
<td>Perpendicular and Parallel Lines</td>
<td>Area and perimeter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whole Numbers 3</td>
<td>Squares and Rectangles</td>
<td>Symmetry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tables and Line Graphs</td>
<td>Decimals 1</td>
<td>Tessellations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fractions</td>
<td>Decimals 2</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
To develop enquiring minds through investigation, experimentation and learning through discovery.

Developing the confidence, knowledge and skills to find answers to questions about the scientific world is crucial for HeadStart pupils to become well-informed citizens. As well as appreciating the achievements of scientists who have gone before, the practical study of Science teaches young people to plan and conduct investigations, gather information, work in a team and evaluate their findings - all vital transferrable skills for success in their wider education and life in general.

The Science curriculum is organised on a topic basis, taught by Homeroom and Deputy Teachers. Gradually these topics develop into the three aspects of Science – Biology, Chemistry and Physics. Science at HeadStart is learned by a process of guided discovery. Experimental work is used to investigate natural phenomena and simulate some of the scientific discoveries of the past. Most of the lessons involve the use of experiments, investigations and demonstrations to discover and illustrate the scientific principles being studied. Topics are chosen to fulfil the needs of the Cambridge Curriculum and the National Curriculum for England while remaining interesting and relevant to pupils. Each topic ends with a comprehensive test and at the end of each year there is the Cambridge Progression Test. A number of extra-curricular activities are arranged each year including educational visits, Science Week activities, Science competitions and After School Programmes.

There are 2 x 60 minute lessons per week.

The curriculum:

**Humans and animals**
- Know that humans (and some animals) have bony skeletons inside their bodies.
- Know how skeletons grow as humans grow, support and protect the body.
- Know that animals with skeletons have muscles attached to the bones.
- Know how a muscle has to contract (shorten) to make a bone move and muscles act in pairs.
- Explain the role of drugs as medicines.

**Living things in their environment**
- Investigate how different animals are found in different habitats and are suited to the environment in which they are found.
- Use simple identification keys.
- Recognise ways that human activity affects the environment e.g. river pollution, recycling waste.

**States of matter**
- Know that matter can be solid, liquid or gas.
- Investigate how materials change when they are heated and cooled.
- Know that melting is when a solid turns into a liquid and is the reverse of freezing.
- Observe how water turns into steam when it is heated but on cooling the steam turns back into water.

**Sound**
Explore how sounds are made when objects, materials or air vibrate and learn to measure the volume of sound in decibels with a sound level meter.
Investigate how sound travels through different materials to the ear.
Investigate how some materials are effective in preventing sound from travelling through them.
Investigate the way pitch describes how high or low a sound is and that high and low sounds can be loud or soft. Secondary sources can be used.
Explore how pitch can be changed in musical instruments in a range of ways.

Electricity and magnetism
Construct complete circuits using switch, cell (battery), wire and lamps.
Explore how an electrical device will not work if there is a break in the circuit.
Know that electrical current flows and that models can describe this flow, e.g. particles travelling around a circuit.
Explore the forces between magnets and know that magnets can attract or repel each other.
Know that magnets attract some metals but not others.
HUMANITIES

Geography and History are taught as part of the Humanities curriculum.

The study of Geography helps HeadStart pupils to make sense of the world around them. It examines the social, economic and physical forces and processes which shape and change our environment. Practical skills of investigation as well as team-working are taught both inside the classroom and on field trips.

In History, HeadStart pupils travel in time, from Ancient Egypt through to the 20th Century. Along the way they begin to understand what life was like for our ancestors and those in far-flung countries, and learn to analyse and evaluate historical evidence and present their findings in well-constructed essays.

There are 2 x 60 minute lessons per week.

The curriculum:

Geography:

Map and Compass Skills – map, symbols and keys; grid references; scale; direction – N, E, S, W; distance and height;

Rainforests and Deserts – Life in rainforests and deserts: habitats, animals; desert landscapes;

Recycling and renewable Energy – Renewable energy sources: wind, solar, hydro-electric, wave – pros and cons; the three “R”s; what is sustainability?

History:

Pupils in Years 4 focus on a period of time in history, learning about people’s lives and times.

The Vikings – who were the Vikings, conquest and settlement; daily life in town and country; buildings and artefacts; customs and religion; education, work and trade; important people, legacy.

India – Key geographical features, weather patterns, languages and religious groups of India;

Roman Empire – history of the Roman Empire; Ancient Rome; Campaign history.
ART

Art gives pupils the opportunity to develop their creativity. They are engaged, inspired and challenged, and will have the knowledge and skills to experiment, invent and create.

Aims of Art:

- Produce creative work
- Explore their own ideas
- Record their experiences
- Become proficient at drawing, painting, sculpting
- Become proficient at general art, craft and design techniques
- Evaluate and analyse creative works using artistic language
- Know about great artists, craft makers and designers

There is 1 x 60 minute lesson per week.

The curriculum:

Exploring and developing ideas – Create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.

Investigating and making. Developing skills – Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]

Knowledge and understanding and Evaluation – Learn about great artists, architects and designers in history.
MUSIC

Music is a powerful, unique form of communication that can change the way pupils feel, think and act. The HeadStart music programme offers opportunities for all pupils to perform and develop their musical abilities. The curriculum focuses on performance, composition and listening skills and is geared towards improving confidence, singing skills and developing creativity. It brings together intellect and feelings and enables personal expression, reflection and emotional development. There are opportunities for all pupils to participate.

There is 1 x 60 minute lesson per week.

The curriculum:

PERFORMING:

Singing – Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.
Play instruments – Play tuned and un-tuned instruments musically.

LISTENING:

Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.

COMPOSING:

Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the elements of music.
MODERN FOREIGN LANGUAGES (MFL – French and Mandarin)

In an increasingly globalised society, modern foreign language skills allow for greater communication between people. It also develops problem-solving skills and increases adaptability, resourcefulness and creativity. Language learning teaches cultural awareness and the capacity to see issues from a variety of perspectives, which are highly valued by universities and employers. Carefully differentiated lessons support all abilities. Extension activities are available for linguistically able pupils through dictionary and research work, presentation opportunities.

Listening and speaking is developed and the written language is introduced through reading and writing exercises. Accuracy of pronunciation and intonation is developed. Vocabulary topics include numbers, weather, description, nationalities and birthdays. Life in other countries is explored through themed days.

The primary goal of learning for the MFL course is to help beginners and children who have learned the target language for one or two years, particularly children from a non-French/Chinese background, build a solid foundation for learning French/Chinese as a foreign language. The course will emphasize the development of communication skills in listening and speaking. Recognising characters and writing characters are also the focus of this course.

There are 3 x 60 minute lessons per week.

The curriculum:

Listening and Responding –

Listen to a variety of forms of spoken language to obtain information and respond appropriately.

Transcribe words and short sentences that they hear with increasing accuracy.

Speaking –

Speak coherently and confidently, with increasingly accurate pronunciation and intonation.

Express and develop ideas clearly and with increasing accuracy, both orally and in writing.

Initiate and develop conversations, coping with unfamiliar language and unexpected responses, making use of important social conventions such as formal modes of address.

Reading and Responding –

Read and show comprehension of original and adapted materials from a range of different sources, understanding the purpose, important ideas and details, and provide an accurate English translation of short, suitable material.

Read literary texts in the language [such as stories, songs, poems and letters], to stimulate ideas, develop creative expression and expand understanding of the language and culture.
Writing –

**Write** prose using an increasingly wide range of grammar and vocabulary, write creatively to express their own ideas and opinions, and translate short written text accurately into the foreign language.

**Identify** and **use** tenses or other structures which convey the present, past, and future as appropriate to the language being studied using accurate grammar, spelling and punctuation.
A high-quality computing education equips pupils to use computational thinking and creativity to understand and change the world. Computing has deep links with mathematics and Science, and provides insights into both natural and artificial systems. The core of Computing is where pupils are taught the principles of information and computation, how digital systems work, and how to put this knowledge to use through programming. Building on this knowledge and understanding, pupils are equipped to use information technology to create programs, systems and a range of content.

Computing also ensures that pupils become digitally literate, able to use, and express themselves and develop their ideas through, information and communication technology – at a level suitable for the future workplace and as active participants in a digital world. Cyber security and eSafety are embedded in the course, allowing discussion and development of safe transferrable practise when using all types of digital technology.

There is 1 x 60 minute lesson per week.

The curriculum:

- Children will learn how to design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.
- Children will learn how to use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output.
- Children will learn how to use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.
- Children will understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.
- Children will learn how to use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.
- Children will learn how to select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.
- Children will learn how to use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.
PHYSICAL EDUCATION

“Physical fitness is not only one of the most important keys to a healthy body, it is the basis of dynamic and creative intellectual activity” John F Kennedy

Physical education is a fundamental part of the curriculum across all years at HeadStart for this very reason. All pupils are able to take part in a physical activity every day, either through PE sessions, games time or via an activity or after school club. HeadStart pupils are able to develop their fitness and physical skills across a vast range of sports and in chosen areas of interest or talent. Fitness becomes a normal part of following a healthy lifestyle for HeadStart students and is an ethos that will stay with them for a lifetime.

There are 2 x 60 minute lessons per week; one lesson of Physical Education skills and one lesson of Swimming.

During Year 4 (Key Stage 2) pupils develop their creative imagination in physical activity. They learn new skills, find out how to move in different ways and link them to actions in a variety of activities. They develop an understanding of how to succeed in different sports and learn how to evaluate and recognise success. During the key stage children develop the knowledge, skills and understanding through Dance activities, Games activities, Gymnastic activities, Athletics activities, Swimming activities. Activities in Year 3 focus specifically on basic generic skills, playing in smaller sided games where appropriate.

Students will learn how to use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination. Students will play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.

The curriculum:

DANCE AND MOVEMENT – Perform all dance movements and activities with appropriate aesthetic quality and complexity for their age.

GAMES – Join in all games activities confidently and effectively for their age.

SWIMMING – Join in all swimming activities confidently for their age and explore freely how to move in and under water with confidence.

GYMNASTICS – Perform all Gymnastic movements and activities with appropriate aesthetic quality and complexity for their age.

ATHLETICS – Join in all Athletics activities confidently for their age and explore freely how to develop technical aspects of each event.
RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Religious Education is taught at HeadStart in order to teach tolerance and understanding of other people’s beliefs and values.

There is approximately 1 x 30 minute lesson per week.

The curriculum:

The Religious Studies syllabus in Year 4 focuses on comparing Buddhism and Sikhism. Areas covered are:

a) Key Buddhist and Sikh beliefs and practices.
b) What does it mean to belong to the religions?
c) Food as a significant part of religion.
d) Special times and festivals.
e) Appreciation of sacred texts.
THAI

Thai is taught to all pupils at HeadStart. For native and intermediate Thai speakers they will have 5 x 60 minute lessons per week; for Thai as a foreign language they will have 2 x 60 minute lessons per week.

The curriculum:

THAI AS A FIRST LANGUAGE

• หลักภาษา
  • สาร
  • พยัญชนะและอักษร 3 หมู่
  • วรรณยุกต์
  • การคณ์อักษร 3 หมู่
  • พยางค์และล่า
  • ประโยค

• ภาษาพาที
  • ปฏิบัติการสายลับจิ๋ว
  • แต่งตั้งชื่อไว้
  • ปั่นนีมีคุณ
  • อาหารดี ชีวีมีสุข

• วันไหว้ครู
• วันพ่อแห่งชาติ

Thai as a Second Language

• Thai letters
• Write letters of their own name ,some Thai numbers and basic simple word
• Past of speech, such as nouns, pronouns, verbs, adjective, simple classifiers
• The simple sight words found in everyday or surrounding objects
• Basic vowels and tones
• Write simple word and understanding the meaning
• Read and understand short phrases and simple sentence
• Distinguish polite particles
• The appropriate basic introduction of self and others
• How to polite express feelings and options
• Knowing days and months in Thai
• Cultural activities in school such as Wai Kru day, Loy Kra thong etc.
• The meaning of colour on Thai Flag
• Thai etiquettes; Do’s and Don’ts in Thailand

THAI AS A FOREIGN LANGUAGE
• Wai Kru/students are able to talk about the important of Wai Kru ceremony.
• Loy Krathong/ students are able to talk about the important and why Thai people celebrate Loy Kratong Festival.
• Father’s day/ students are able to talk about fact and history about Thailand’s Royal Birthday celebration.
• Days of the week/ students are able to use days of the weeks in simple sentences.
• Places/ students are able to add the name of the places in the sentences.
• Food ordering/ students are able to use simple sentences for food ordering.
Support for Learning provides an opportunity for all those who need support to achieve their very best. A combination of highly experienced and well qualified teachers and teaching assistants offer support both in small groups and individually to suit students learning needs. The aim is to lead students through the challenges of exams by determining individual learning styles, supporting organisation, developing study skills and literacy and numeracy skills. Contact with parents is actively encouraged as parent support is invaluable to the success of each child’s development.

Early intervention to support pupils is identified through observation in the classroom and discussions with teachers. In class support is provided by teachers and deputies, with some pupils benefiting from small group withdrawal, where individual support can be provided more effectively.

We have a Child Psychologist at HeadStart who is also able to assess children.

We liaise closely with external agencies (Educational Psychologists, Occupational Therapists and Speech and Language Therapists) who provide expert advice to help find solutions for the individual as quickly as possible.

Parental involvement in the children’s learning is encouraged and Learning Support lessons may be recommended following regular communication and observation and Individual Educational Plans (IEPs) can be created where necessary.

Specific activities are recommended to aid children who have difficulties with fine and gross motor skills, communication, self-esteem and co-ordination.

Relationships between specialist teachers, the child and parents are built up from an early age.

Regular in-house informal assessments are carried out to help pinpoint specific areas of strength and difficulty to aid the child, parent and teacher.

**Transition from Primary to Secondary**

Primary and Secondary Heads of Departments meet every half term to maintain links and discuss current issues and good practice.

Taster lessons are taught in the Secondary School during the Summer Term of Year 6 for students to meet the Secondary School staff and get familiar with the Department.
It is generally agreed that some form of work at home is desirable for children of this age. Homework should not be an unpleasant experience and, in general, should be used to reinforce children’s schoolwork. Homework also gives parents an opportunity to discuss schoolwork with their child, not only to gain a better understanding of the HeadStart Curriculum, which is a combination of the Cambridge Curriculum enhanced with the English National Curriculum, but also to participate in their child’s learning.

The reality of modern day lives in which often both parents work can make homework a stressful time. We are well aware of the demands on family time and equally understand that children require some ‘down time’ in their busy day. With this in mind we have been careful in our expectations of the length of time we expect children to spend completing homework. The recommended time that should be spent on homework in Year 4 is 30 minutes.

Reading, which is not included in the above timings, should be encouraged and, where possible, take place on a daily basis. Again, parental engagement is of huge benefit.

Younger children should be heard reading on a regular basis. Older pupils should read independently and silently to themselves. A few suitable questions do not only convey interest, but also help children to think about what they are reading.

Please check and use the homework folders. They are important in maintaining contact between home and school.